

TO THE EDITOR:

In the otherwise excellent account by Dr. J. Ross Innes of the special symposium on leprosy held in connection with the conference of the International Academy of Pathology in London, June 20-24, 1960 [THE JOURNAL **28** (1960) 469], there is an omission. In the museum of the Royal College of Surgeons, where the meeting was held, there were six, not four, demonstrations.

One of those not mentioned was the beautiful collection of skeletal material from the old cemetery at Naestved, Denmark, obtained and arranged by Dr. V. Moller Christensen which supplemented his paper en-

titled "Osseous changes in medieval leprosy," to which Dr. Innes referred.

The other demonstration was that of Dr. Yao Teh Chang, associate pharmacologist of the Leonard Wood Memorial. This consisted of two panels of enlarged photomicrographs in color, prepared and mounted at the National Institutes of Health. One panel showed great increases in number and length of *M. leprae murium* in mouse monocytes cultivated in a slide tissue-culture system. The other showed the controls: heated bacilli were taken up by the monocytes but did not increase in number or in length, and the same was observed when a minute amount of isoniazid was added to the system.

I was fortunate in being able to attend the symposium and take this occasion to congratulate the members of the Acid-Fast Club who were responsible for its success.

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