

Travelogue of Leprosy Related Art

In preparing the "Centennial *Festskrift*" of this JOURNAL we have had occasion to establish an unofficial index of works of art relating to leprosy. We are not aware of any similar index and think that it will be historically useful to have such information available.

Since many persons concerned with the problems of leprosy will be traveling in relation to the Centennial Congress in Bergen, Norway (August 13-18), we have thought that a presentation of this listing, incomplete though it is, may be of interest and travelers may find opportunity to look up some of these works. Unfortunately, we cannot guarantee the given locales housing them. Most of the information available is found in publications dating before World War II, and some before World War I. We, therefore, have no assurance that the objects are in the locales where they were found at the time they were noted in the literature.

It is hoped that travelers who know of, or who find art representations related to leprosy, will be kind enough to inform us of these and their locations. If available, a photograph of the item concerned, either as a gift or on brief loan will be greatly appreciated and will add to our neophyte index.—Olaf K. Skinsnes

LOCATIONS OF WORKS OF ART RELATING TO LEPROSY

Belgium

- A. Antwerp, Museum of Fine Arts
 - 1. Bernard Von Orley (1496-1542). Tryptic includes amongst other sick persons a patient holding a bell and having claw hand and deep lesions of face.

- 2. Bernard Von Orley. "Judgement Day." Detail of the right panel of an alter panel shows a seated, deformed person holding small bell in his right hand.
- B. Bruges Cathedral
 - 1. "Deeds of Misericorde."

Cambodia

- A. Angkor Wat
 - 1. Statue of "Roi lepreux."

Denmark

- A. Copenhagen, Nationalmuseet
 - 1. Alter tablet from Bjaeverskov church—Saint Martin and beggars.
 - 2. Right panel of Ninianus alter tablet from S. Olai church. "Saint Martin and a Leprous Beggar."
- B. Thisted amt, Hassig church
 - 1. South wall of the chancel has a "leper's squint" through which those with leprosy were permitted to follow the church services.

France

- A. Chantilly, Museum Condé
 - 1. "Three friends offer their consolation to Job." Miniature by Jean Fouquet. From the "Heures of Anne de Bretagne."
- B. Colmar City Museum
 - 1. Unknown upper Rhine School painter (1522). "A Leper."
- C. Paris, Bibliothèque Nationale, Cabinet d'Estampes
 - 1. Linen painting. "Banner of Lepers."
- D. Chateaudun
 - 1. Statue in chapel of castle (16th cent.). "St. Elizabeth of Hungary."

Germany

- A. Berlin Museum
1. Triptychon (c. 1400). "St. Elizabeth of Thuringia."
- B. Frankfurt am Main, Städel Institute
1. Albrecht Dürer. "Job." Painting.
- C. Frankfurt an der Oder, Marienkirche
1. Job's misery lightened by wife and friends. Painting.
- D. Munich Pinacothek
1. Jan Brueghel, the Elder (1568-1652). Painting of St. Martin on a horse. One of the other persons in the painting said to represent leprosy.

Great Britain

- A. Gent (Ghent) Museum
1. Unknown painter. "Charité de Saint Martin." Representation of St. Martin placing his mantle on a blind beggar who probably had leprosy.
- B. London, Wellcome Historical Medical Library
1. Several illustrations.
- C. Windsor Castle
1. Peter Paul Reubens (1577-1640). "Charité de Saint Martin."

Italy

- A. Aosta
1. "Tower of the Leper."
- B. Florence, Brancacci Chapel, Santa Maria del Carmine Church
1. Masaccio (1401-1429). A fret representing a person with leprosy.
2. Unknown artist. A fret of Sts. Peter and John healing the sick with their shadows, includes leprosy.
- C. Florence, Santa Maria Novella
1. Taddeo Gaddi (1300-1366). "Wonder of Holy Dominicus."
- D. Florence, Spanish Chapel (Santa Maria Novella's Church)
1. Unknown artist of Giotto's school. A fretwork representing persons with leprosy.
- E. Gallery degli Uffizi
1. Giralomo Muziano (?). Painting of Jesus and disciples healing the sick at the gate of the temple. Includes one person with leprosy.

F. Lazaretto "St. Salvatore del Muri" near Assisi

1. Unknown artist. "St. Franciscus of Assisi at the Lazaretto."
- G. Monreale Cathedral, Palermo
1. Mosaic. "Jesus and the Ten Lepers."
2. Mosaic. "Christo e o leproso do Evangelho." (Matthew 8:2-4)
- H. Naples, Musco Nazionale
1. Pietro del Donzello (14th cent.). "Charity of St. Martins." Includes a leprosy patient with mutilated hand.
- I. Pisa, Campo Santo
1. Orcagna or Lorensetti (14th cent.). Fret entitled "Triumph Death."
- J. Rome, Sistine Chapel, Vatican
1. Sandro Botticelli (1444?-1510). "The Sacrifice of the Leper."
2. Cosimo Rosselli. "The Leper's Supplication to Jesus."
- K. Trieste (Collection of Dr. Brettauer)
1. Vischer (1608). "Procession of the Guilds and the Lepers."

Japan

- A. Nara, Hokkeji Nunnery
1. Statue of Empress Komyo, patron of sufferers with leprosy, as twelve-headed Kannon (Kwan-yin or Goddess of Mercy). Face reputed to be modeled after that of Empress Komyo.

Netherlands

- A. Amsterdam, Rijksmuseum (National Museum).
1. Adrien van Nieulandt (1587-1658). "Yearly Procession of Lepers in Amsterdam in 1604."
- B. The Hague, Steengracht Gallery
1. David Teniers, the Younger (1610-1690). "Deeds of Misericorde." Amongst the beggars there is one with leprosy.

Norway

- A. Övre Rendalen church
1. Unknown artist (c. 1570). Painting of "The Rich Man and Lazarus." Painting on oak boards of organ gallery.

Sicily

- A. Monreale, Cathedral of Monreale
 1. Mosaic in middle aisle. "Ten Lepers, Blind Persons."

Sweden

- A. Stockholm Museum
 1. Jan Hoofsaat (1651-1755). "Christ Healing a Leper."

Switzerland

- A. Basel Museum
 1. Manuel Deutsch (15th cent.). Painting of husband and wife having leprosy.
 B. Schaffhausen, Historisch-antiquarisches Museum
 1. Oak leprosy clapper.

Turkey

- A. Stambul, Istanbul. Kâhrie Moschee.
 1. Mosaic of 14th century. "Leper."

United States

- A. Honolulu, Hawaii. State Capitol.
 1. Marisol. Statue of Father Damien.
 B. Washington, D.C. Capitol building, statuary
 1. Marisol. Statue of Father Damien.

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3. MEIGE, HENRY. *La lèpre dans l'Art. Extrait de la nouvelle Iconographie de la Salpêtrière, année 1897*.