Lipids and Lipoprotein Profiles in Leprosy

TO THE EDITOR:

Since very little data are available on lipoprotein patterns in leprosy, an attempt was made to study lipoprotein profiles in various types of leprosy. Eighty-two cases of leprosy were classified as per Ridley and Jopling (2). The majority of the cases are from middle and upper income groups of society, collected at a private clinic, and the rest of the cases are from a rehabilitation center. This was done to rule out nutritional deficiencies which might influence serum lipid patterns. Twenty-five healthy persons were taken as controls. Their nutritional status and age were almost the same as those of the leprosy cases. Blood samples were collected in the post-absorptive state, and serum cholesterol (6) and serum triglycerides (1) were measured. Lipoprotein electrophoresis was done on agarose gel (3).

All the cases were classified with regard to their lipoprotein profile according to the WHO classification (⁵). The upper limits of normal were considered to be the mean values in controls plus two standard deviations. In cases where the increase was marginal, the electrophoretic pattern of the serum lipoproteins on agarose gel was taken into consideration to determine the lipoprotein profile.

The lipoprotein profiles are given in the Table. Borderline leprosy patients seem to

have more cases of hyperlipoproteinemia. Toward either of the two polar types, lepromatous and tuberculoid, there is a tendency to revert to a normal lipid profile. Type IV hyperlipidemia is the major abnormal lipid profile, occurring in most of the cases. The unusual type III-like hyperlipoproteinemia with a broad beta band was found in one of the two borderline lepromatous leprosy cases. In borderline leprosy, two cases of type V hyperlipoproteinemia were also observed.

These changes may be due to infection with Mycobacterium leprae. Alterations in the lipoprotein profile in rabbits infected with certain bacteria have been reported (⁴).

Further studies are needed to determine the mechanism of hyperlipoproteinemias in leprosy, particularly in the early stages.

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Type of leprosy	Total number	Lipoprotein profile						
		Normal	1	Ila	Пр	Ш	IV	v
Lepromatous	23	12 (52)	-	1 (4)	-	—	10 (44)	-
Borderline lepromatous	19	10 (53)	-	_	1 (5)	1 (5)	7 (37)	—
Borderline	11	4 (36.4)		1 (9)	_		4 (36.4)	2 (18.2)
Borderline tuberculoid	13	9 (69)	_	1 (8)	1 (8)	-	2 (15)	_
Tuberculoid	16	9 (56.2)	_	2 (12.5)	3 (18.8)		2 (12.5)	_
Control	25	25 (100)	-		—	-	—	-

THE TABLE. Lipid profiles in various types of leprosy and control cases. The number (percentage) of cases of each lipid profile in each group are given.

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